RESULTS OF THE INVESTIGATION. IVER TWENTY-SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS APPROPRI-

ATED-THE CITY'S LOSS SMALL. The amount appropriated by the ring in the Water Bureau of the Department of Public Works has been found to be about \$26,000. Of ihis amount the city will lose only \$5,000 or \$6,000. David E. Aiken, the arrested Inspector of Meters, will be taken before Judge Cowing this morning to plead to an indictment sharging him with forgery in the third degree. Other arrests are likely to follow soon.

THE RING BROKEN UP.

NOW THE FRAUDS WERE PERPETRATED-AIREN CAUGHT ON THE EVE OF FLIGHT.

The officials of the Department of Public Works an Saturday closed their investigation of the frauds connected with the collection of Croton water rents. A complete series of tables has been prepared, showing the amounts collected and approprited in whole or in part by the dishonest clerks, the amounts which have been paid, and the amounts due. The report will be handed to the Mayor some to-day, and it will rest with him whether or not it is made public.

In May last Hubert O. Thompson, Commissioner of Public Works, received information which led him to suspect that there were certain irregularities connected with the collection of water rents, where meters were used. The record of the amount of water consumed registered by meters is kept by the chief engineer of the Croton Aquequet. The bills for the same are made out there. No one in that bureau is authorized to receive payments. The cashier or his assistant in the Bureau of the Water Register are the only persons authorized to receive payments for Croton water and receipt for the same. In order to break up the ring, if any existed, and get to the bottom of the irregularities, Commissioner Thompson transferred six of the clerks to various other bureaus. me of those who were detailed to take the places of those transferred were directed to look closely into certain matters. The investigation was under discovered when Commissioner Thompson fell ill and for several weeks was unable to visit his office. This delayed matters somewhat. When he was sufficiently recovered to once more devote himself to the details of his office the investigation was pushed vigorously. It was discovered that some persons had paid a considerably smaller sum (or at least they were credited on the books of the Water Register with having paid a less sum) than they should have done. Others, when their bills were sent, declared that they had paid an employe of the Department. It soon became evident that persons outside the Department were engaged in calling on large consumers of Croton and offering to get their bills largely reduced. In many instances the offer was accepted. Some of the persons who thus attempted to evade the first payment of their water rents, when asked for an explanation by the Department of Public Works have declared that they supposed the person who approached them with the offer was an officer of the Department and had authority to reduce the amount of the claim. In most cases, however, no explanation was attempted. The fraudulent collections extended over all kinds of business. Many shrewd men thought it was doing a good stroke of business to have their water rents reduced one-third or one-half by a distonest official. The amounts thus collected were in good part appropriated by the

HOW THE CITY WAS SWINDLED. There was another way in which the city was defrauded, and the loss through this way is probably bear. In many instances a manufacturer receives two bills covering a considerable space of time. Or be may have two manufactories, each having a meter. A separate bill is rendered for each. When the check for both amounts was received, payment would only be credited for one place on the books of the Water Bureau, and the difference appropriated. The conentire amount paid. In cases of this kind the city Is the loser. Where no receipts from the cashier or his assistant can be shown. Commissioner Thompson has decided that the full amount appearing on the books as due must be paid. The bills of the Department expressly state that no money must be paid to any one outside of the office of the Water greau, and those persons who have done so either through ignorance or design must suffer the loss. EXIENT OF THE FRAUDULENT COLLECTIONS.

members of the ring.

The report made to the Mayor will show that the total amount of the wrongful collections was about \$26,000. Of this amount \$8,000 has already been lected by the proper officials from the persons owing it since the investigation began, and turned in to the Department. Of the remainder about \$12,000 has not been thoroughly investigated, the persons owing it being out of town. Most of it, however, will be collected, the water rent being a lien on the property of the debtors. About \$2,700 has been actually stolen by the means above designated. This amount may possibly be swotlen to \$5,000 or \$6,000. This is all that the city can lose.

David E. Aigen, because of his position was one of the principal men engaged in the frauds. Ira C. Bellows, who resigned last spring, is also suspected to have profited by the wrongful collections There are certain entries which, it is said show that he must have been aware of what was going on. He is probably not so far away but that he can be reached by the strong arm of the law. There are several persons under surveillance, and it would not be surprising if other arrests were soon to fol-

low that of Aiken. Aiken will be arraigned before Judge Cowing in the Court of General Sessions this morning on an indictment charging him with forgery altering a book of record. When it was discovered that the frauds had been perpetrated in his Department, Commissioner of Publie Works Thompson had several conversations officials agreed that it was as well to keep Mr. Aiken under surveillance perding the examination into the books of the Department. Aiken had been employed since 1883 in the Department of Public Works, and for a number of years had filled an important position in the meter-room. Inspector Byrnes was informed of the desire to have Aiken watched, and he detailed Dedesire to have Aiken watched, and he detailed De-tective-Sergeants Hickey, Langan and Golden to observe the movements of the suspected clerk dur-ing the day, and Detective Sheldon, of the Thirty-third Precinct, whose home was in the neighbor-bood, to watch Aiken's house, at One-hundred-and-seventieth-st, and Franklin-ave., at night. The work of the detectives began on Seotember 14. They were given instructions to arrest Aiken bould he show any intention of running away. He Sontinued, however, to come and go about his busishould he show any intention of running away. He continued, however, to come and go about his business. At night when he returned home he would always enter his house through a private entrance. In Fultonave. On last Tuesday Commissioner Thompson and the District-Attorney afreed that they had secured sufficient evidence to warrant Aisen's indictment. A bench warrant was placed in the hands of Inspector Byrnes. Not being stiffed prepared for the arrest, however, the defectives were told to keep up their watch over Aiken until he gave cyldence of a desire to depart.

AIKEN PREPARING FOR FLIGHT.

AIKEN PREPARING FOR FLIGHT. saturday morning, though all the rest of of the suspected man. Detective Sheldon through the blinds observed Aiken packing his trunk. Withany ceremony he rang the bell, and being nicted by Aiken's son, the officer went upstairs and placed the suspected clerk junder arrest. It was then 6 o'clock and the prisoner was taken to olice Headquarters in Mulberry-st. Since he has seen there he has been visited several times by his

counsel, Orlando L. Stewart, and members of his family.

Alken has been indicted for forgery in the third degree under the provisions of section 515 of the Criminal Code, which is as follows:
SECTION 515.—A person who with intent to defraud or to conceal any larceny or adsappropriation by any person of any money or property either (1) alters, erases, obliterates or destroys any account book of accounts, record or writing belonging to or appertaining to the business of a corporation, association, public office or officer, partnership or individual, or (2) makes a false entry in any such account or book of accounts, or (3) willully omits to make true entry of any material perticular in any such account or book of accounts made, written or kept by him or under his direction, is guitty of forgery in the third degree.

Commissioner Thompson said vesterday that his

Commissioner Thompson said yesterday that his report would be handed in to the Mayor to-day, and would contain all the details of the frauds. It rested with the Mayor to make this public.

Assistant District Attorney O'Byrne said that it would probably interfere with the ends of justice to make public the names of the persons implicated with Aiken. The details given above, however, are furnished by men thoroughly conversant with the investigation.

MONS. CAPEL AND DR. FULTON.

POSSIBILITY OF AN ACTION FOR LIBEL. THE VISITING CLERGYMAN ANGRY AND INDIGNANT -DR. FULTON'S STATEMENTS PRONOUNCED

|BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. BALTIMORE, Sept. 23 .- Monsignor Capel arrived

here yesterday and is staying at the Archiepiscopal residence. He preached a sermon on the "Infallibility of the Pope" at the Cathedral this morning. There was an immense audience present, many sive one from the start, if he should be standing up in the aisles. To-night he lectured at nominated. Dennis O'Brien is a prominent Ford's Opera House on "The Liberty of Thought in the Catholic Church."

A TRIBUNE correspondent visited Monsignor Capel at the Archbishop's residence this afternoon. In the course of the conversation the reverend gentlemen expressed himself well pleased with his treatment since his arrival in this country, though he laughingly declined to give his impressions, stating that he had not been here long enough to form a very decided opinion. He was then asked whether he had read the strictures on his course by the Rev. Justin D. Fulton, of Brooklyn. With great surprise he replied: "Indeed I have not."

A report of the lecture of the Brooklyn clergyman, as published in The Brooklyn Union, cutitled "Monsignor Capel and his Methods, as Portrayed by Lord Beaconsfield," was shown. In this lecture Mr. Fulton said that Capel had been identified with the "Catesby" of Beaconsfield's Lothair, and the result was fame in England and reflected fame in America. His conversion of the Marquis of Bute drew additional attention to him, and he achieved a wide reputation for proselyting prominent Protestants. Mr. Fulton further declared that Monsignor Capel's prestige in England suffered a sudden eclipse when Cardinal Manning interdicted him for embezzling the funds with which the Marquis of Bute had proposed to found a coilege. He appealed to the Pope, but the interdiction was sustained. Monsignor Capel, as he read the charge preferred by the Brooklyn preacher, nantly said: "That whole statement is a wicked, libelious invention, made for too transparent a purpose. In my country the speaker as well as the publisher could be both civilly and criminally prosecuted. I will ascertain how I can be protected by the laws of America from such inventions of a minister of the Gospel."

Mousignor Capel was exceedingly approach. knit his brows; and when he had finished he indig-

Gospel."
Abousignor Capel was exceedingly angry and showed it piainty. He said that he had understood that some ministers were going to deliver lectures about him, but he had hoped that clergymen would soont him, but he had hoped that clergymen would confine themselves to a criticism of his religious views, and had had no idea that any one of them would make so false a statement as that by the Brooklyn preacher. Monsignor Capel strongly intimated that be would not let the matter drop, and some interesting developments may be looked for. He said he would lecture in Brooklyn shortly on "Conversion and Converters." He will probably then also make an extended reply to Mr. Fulton's

WESTERN MILLERS AND THE RAILROADS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 23 .- There is little hope in any quarter that the trouble between the Millers' Association and the railroads will be settled this year, and the roads are likely to make the winter rate on flour to natean of 50 us is usual. H. F. Keilogg, the Milwaukee grain buyer, here to represent the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, maintains his offer to purchase all No. 1 hard wheat offered at 98 cents with transit, equal to 1001g free in store, and says he will find means and pay prices to get all the wheat he wants. is impossible to get anything from the members of the association. They sneer at the reports in circulation and appear full of confidence of their shifity to win the bat-tic. The millers are known to have more wheat in traappear tul of confidence of their ability to win the bat-tic. The millers are known to have more wheat in tran-sit than they can use before close of navigation and the Duluth outset will not help them much. Then, too, it is probable that the Duluth Railway is now ready to pass under the joint management of the Omaha and Mil-wankee roads and will next season become a member of the Northwestern pool, thus making the Eastern rates the same over all routes.

THE GARFIELD MONUMENT.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 23 .- The trustees of

the Garfield Monument Fund have \$130,000 now on They expect \$20,000 more in a few days. Work on the foundations for the monument has already been begun. A full meeting of the trustees will be held about the middle of October, when a circular giving a description of the ground and the exact size of the allotment to be used for the monument proper, will be issued and all sculptors willing to enter into competition will be requested to draw designs to be examined by the trustees. The circular will contain the exact sum of money on hand, in order that the arists may govern themselves accordingly.

DEATH OF A CENTENARIAN.

IST TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Boston, Sept. 23 .- A dispatch to The Journal announces the death, at West Brattleboro, Vt., last Friday, of Mrs. Saily Stockwell, at the age of 104 years and five months. Her maiden name was Harris and he father served through the Revolutionary War. When en years old she was married to Arad Stockwell, led in 1856 at the age of eighty-two years. She n children, two of whom survive their mother. Up hin two years she retained her faculties, physical

AN ESCAPING MURDERER SHOT.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 23.-A special from Talladega, Ala., states that Henry Beatty was killed Sheriff of Taliapoosa County. Beatty had shot and killed a man in that county and fied to Taliadega. The Sheriff of Tallapoosa sent a special deputy with a warrant and arrested Bantly without difficulty. Besity, when the Sheriff's back was turned, made an attempt to escape and was shot and killed instantly.

COAL MINERS ON A STRIKE.

IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 23 .- A dispatch

A CROWDED UNIVERSITY.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 23 .- A dispatch from Tuscaloosa, Ala., states that B. B. Lewis, President of the University of Alabama, announces that the Uni versity barracks are full to overflowing, and that no more new cadets can be admitted until vacancies occur.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

SUSPICION OF A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 23.—John O'Brien was
found lying beside the railroad at Adams on Friday night
with a severe wound in his bead. He died yesterday morn
ing. There are suspicious of foul play.

ing. There are suspicious of foul play. THE LATE LIEUTENANT COMMANDER WHEELER. PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 23.—The brig Proteus, Captain Emery, from Cape de Verde, arrived fore to-day, having on board the remains of Licutenant-Commander Wheeler, who died at sea on March 14, 1870, while executive efficient the United States steamails Alasse.

THE CLEVELAND-MANNING REGENCY. CONTROL OF THE CONVENTION CLAIMED BY A LARGE MAJORITY-TACTICS OF MR. MANNING AND HIS FRIENDS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE SYRACUSE, Sept. 23 .- The leaders of the Demo-

cratic party here assert that Governor Cleveland will control 284 out of the 383 delegates to the Democratic State Convention, and, furthermore, that Daniel Manning will be re-elected chairman of the Democratic State Committee by a vote of 26 to 8. They acknowledge that to bring about these results they have used unserupulously the machinery of the Democratic party, but in defence say that the opponents of Governor Cleveland and Mr. Manning were employing money, and that they had to "fight fire with fire." Their "slate" of candidates for State officers is said to be as follows: For Secretary of State, Isaac H. Maynard, of Delaware County; for Controller, James Mackin, of Orange County; for Attorney-General, Dennis O'Brien, of Jefferson County; for State Treasurer, Robert A. Maxwell, of Genesce County; for State Engineer, Elanthon Sweet, of Albany County.

A sketch of Judge Maynard was given in THE TRIBUNE of Saturday. James Mackin has been an Assemblyman, a Senator and a State Treasurer. While performing the last year of his service as Treasurer, charges were made against him which would render his campaign a defensive one from the start, if he should be lawyer of Watertown, was once Mayor of that city, and has been a faithful Tilden member of the State Committee for several years. Mr. Maxwell's management of the State funds while State Treasurer is already exciting critical attention. Mr. Sweet was Tilden's engineer expert during the Canal Investigating Committee's labors.

The unscrupulous methods used by the Cleveland-Manning regency to retain control of the Demoeratic State Committee was strikingly shown here to-day. Last Monday might the Demoeratic Central Committee of this city voted that it would appoint the inspectors of election for the primaries." Heretofore the inspectors have been appointed by the Assembly District Association. The result of this decision was that all the ballots were counted by Cleveland-Manning men. Moreover, Superintendent Brumelkamp of the State Salt Works, an appointee of Governor Cleveland, used his large force of employes at the parmaries to secure the election of Cleveland-Manning delegates to the Assembly Conventions. Mr. Shanahan, the Superintendent of Public Works, another appointed of Governor Cleveland, is also credited with having employed canal employes at the same task.

The three Assembly District Conventions were held to-day. The result foreseen followed. Delegates friendly to the State administration, and in favor of the re-election of Henry J. Mowry, supporter of Mr. Manning, as a member of the State Committee, were elected. The opposition was led by Edward S. Jenney, a former member of the state Committee, Mr. Jenney charged that not only were all the inspectors of one faction, but that no chance was given of seeing that the ballots were counted correctly. He had had a photograpa taken of one of the polling-places in the Fourth Ward. It represented a wooden building, one of

ward. It represented a wooden building, one of the windows of which had been boarded up. The inspector, "Yank" Sullivan, had cut a small hole in the boards some six feet from the ground, and through this the delegates were compelled to put their ballots. After forty of the delegates taid voted, Mr. Sullivan, it was said, acnounced solemnly that 154 ballots had been cast, of which the Cleveland-Manning candidate had received 166, Mr. Jenney filled notices of contested, seats at all the Assembly District Conventions, and will present these papers to the State Convention.

The same methods that have been used to re-elect Mr. Mowry have been followed in other districts. Ex-Congressman Roswell P. Flower, of Watertown, it was charged, was spending a barrel of money to wrest the control of the Lemocrate State Committee from Mr. Maining, and therefore any means were legitimate to defeat him. If Mr. Flower used money it is strange that he has not secured the State Committeeman in his own district. He is represented to have said to Democrate in Watertown, and I want Mr. Porter on the State Committee to all my canvass." The gentleman referred to is Wilbur F. Forter, of Watertown. He will, It is true, be supported for State Committee to all my canvass." The gentleman referred to is Wilbur F. Forter, of Watertown. He will, It is true, be supported for State Committee to all my canvass." The gentleman referred to is Wilbur F. Forter, of Watertown. He will, It is true, be supported for State Committee to all the supported for State Committee to have a said to be supported for State Committee to the residence.

A RECEPTION TO PLINY T. SEXTON.

HONORED BY HIS FRIENDS AND NEIGHBORS—THE CANDIDATE'S REMARKS.

PALMYRA, N. Y., Sept. 23.—The friends and neighbors of Pliny T. Sexton, Republican candidate for State Committee to all the allocation and given an informed part of the Presidency.

A the reliance of the Residency and the support of the Presidency.

A reception to was metale and the state Convention of the Presidency.

A rece been defeated in the three St. Lawrence County Assembly districts forming the other part of the Congressional district. The St. Lawrence districts, it is said, have already selected Edwin G. Douge as the Committeeman, and so both Mr. Flower and Mr. Porter will be disappointed. Mr Flower's efforts to obtain the State Committeemen in other districts are said to have been similarly unfortunate. One cause of his ill-success has been, it is said, the lack of influence possessed by his avents.

On the other hand Mr. Manning, with all the

On the other hand Mr. Manning, with all the Democratic farty machinery at his back, has worked with made energy to retain control of the Committee, teeling that it would be a personal disgrace to be defeated at this time. He made a binn er in permitting the State Committee to read Tammany Hall out of the party; but he has attempted to retrieve it by boldly torning right-aboutface in the matter. The Albuny Argas has writually announced, upon Mr. Manning's order, that the Tammany Hall delegation is to be admitted to the State Convention. This also is Governor Cleveland's policy. The programme is to admit Tammany upon the same Boss as last year, and even perhaps upon a larger basis, by refusing to recogperhaps upon a larger basis, by refusing to recog-nize the Irving Hall delegation as truly representanize the Irving Inii delegation as truly representa-tive of New-York Democrats. Tammany Hall last year had 24 delegates, Irving Hall 10 delegates, and the County Democracy 38 delegates; total, 72 delegates. It is now proposed by many Dem-ocrats of the interior to divide the New-York rep-resentation evenly between the Tammany Hall and the County Democracy, leaving Irving Hall unre-presented.

WILLIAM PURCELLS CANDIDACY. HIS STRONG SUPPORT FOR SECRETARY OF STATE-DENIALS THAT HE IS HOSTILE TO GOVERNOR CLEVELAND.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.! ROCHESTER, Sept. 23 .- William Purcell, Editor of The Rochester Union and Advertiser, is believed by his friends here to have the most support for the Democratic nomination for Secretary of State This s upport, however, promises to vanish if Mr. Purcell's opponents succeed in establishing the truth of the charges they have recently made that Mr. Purcell is hostile to Governor Cleveland. Apparently it is generally believed that the State administration will control the Buffalo Convention, and that therefore any charge of opnosition to the Governor, if it has an appearance of truth, will be fatal. Mr. Purcell's friends, and even those that have at times been opposed to him here, say that the accusation is a very untair one.

There were gathered in the Towers Hotel to-night A. C. McGlachlin, the Cuty Treasurer; A. J. Whelan, Police Justice; R. H. Schouley, who was nominated for Harbor Master by Governor Cleveland; John W. Martin, the Democratic candidate for Mayor in 1882; Frank N. Lord, City Clerk, and Alderman John Felsinger. They represent all factions of the Democratic party here. All said that they heartily supported Mr. Purcell for the office he seeks, and that they deemed the charge made against him groundless. Mr. McGlachlin, a strong Cleveland man, said;

"I think there never was a meaner charge made in a political contest than that which has been invented against Mr. Purcell. Why, it was he who wrote the resolutions passed by the Ild Assembly District Convention, warmly approving Governor Cleveland's administration; and you may search the columns of The Union and Advertiser for months, and you will find nothing but praise of the acts of the State administration. He recently made a vigorous defence of the administration against the attacks of the Republican newspapers upon Governor Cleveland for his excessive use of the pardoning power. Moreover, at the Hd Assembly District Convention he was given the power to name the delegates to the State Convention. He named three stanch supporters of Governor Cleveland. Why, the charge is ridiculous. We feel the more garrett, A. Hobart, Congressman William Waiter

aggrieved at this attack, not only because we think Mr. Purcell has been misrepresented, but because we think his sacrifices for the party two years ago deserve a reward. His canvass for votes has been

we think his sacrifices for the party two years ago deserve a reward. His canvass for votes has been a very successful one. We shall go to Buffalo feeling that there is a large proportion of the delegates at his back. Our special argument will be that this county for many years has had no representative among the State officers, and we think the faithful services of its Democrats should be recognized."

Mr. Purcell's supporters will also support State Treasurer Maxwell for a renomination. The combination promises to be a strong one, embracing as it will a large proportion of the votes of the Western New-York delegates. Mr. Purcell, it is also said, will have the solid support of the Tammany Hall delegation and other delegations in the eastern and central part of the "State. Mr. Purcell's friends will open their canvass in Buffalo on Tuesday.

DELEGATES TO BUFFALO.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 23 .- The delegates to the Democratic State Convention from the 1st District Charles Strong. Resolutions were passed approving Governor Cieveland's administration, instructing the delegates for Purcell for Secretary of State, and calling for candidates and committeemen who favor harmony in the party and a broad, liberal policy toward all Dem-ocratic organizations in New-York City.

The delegates from Seneca County are James Flana-gan, Edward Nugent and Saver S. Gullek.

PREPARATIONS OF THE CLANS.

ARRANGEMENTS OF THE DEMOCRATIC FACTIONS FOR THE VISIT TO BUFFALO.

The Tammany Committee of Arrangements met yesterday at Tammany Hall and completed the arrangements for the trip to Buffalo. There will be a special train of twenty cars. Already nearly 600 tickets have been sold, and it is probable that before Tuesday morning that figure will be reached. The 7th Regiment Band will accompany the Tammany braves. The special reach Baffalo at 9 p.m. There will be no stop between New-York and Albany, and the respite there will be only ten minutes. A stop of five numerical states and the respite there will be only ten minutes. A stop of five numerical states are stated in a few days return to Ohio and he able to take be the only rest between Albany and Buffalo. The Tammany adherents will be quartered at the Mansion

The County Democracy special train leaves the Grand Central Depot at 7:30 a. m. sharp on Tuesday. It is expected that 500 delegates and others will go on this train, which, like the Tammany train, is composed of train, which, like the Tammany train, is composed of parlor cars. The County Democracy Committee of Arrangements has engaged all the available rooms in the Genesace House, in Buffalo. The Thomas Jefferson Cluis, a political association of the XVIIIIn Assembly District, will accompany the County Democracy delegates to Buffalo. It proposes to go 120 strong and has eagaged two of the parlor cars of the County Democracy's special train. Each member will be required on the trip to wear a high slik hat, a dark fall overcoat, new, and carry a cane.

character, and was simply a spontaneous gathering of Mr. Sexton's friends and neighbors, who heartily rejoiced to see him honored with Springs spoke earnestly for Mr. Sexton's nomination, presided. To Mr. Durfee's speech, and to the greeting

of the meeting, Mr. Sexton spoke in part as follows : "I am told that my fellow-citizens here generally, without regard to party affiliation, feel that the recent Republican State Convention has honored them by honoring their fellow-townsman with its nomination for the high office of Treasurer of this State. I do not need to say to you that this honor is not of my seeking, for you who know me are aware that my theory of proper citizenship would not permit me to seek for myself any public office. Since I have been old enough to refle properly upon the nature of public office, I have considrather than conferred privileges to be enjoyed. In the canvass which is to take place I shall still be, as I always have been, an earacst Republican, sympathizing with and knowing no faction within the party. I shall wish to do at teat I honorably may to promote its success, but I shall be unable to make any personal effort to secure my own election. I trust my friends will not misunderstand me or think me in the least indifferent to their judgment. To be elected to the high office suggested I would consider a great honor, and one which it would give me made pleasure to receive; but I cannot permit myself even to wish, much loss to ask, my friends to vote for me from any other inspiration than that which may come from a thoughtful consideration of the best interests of the State. I see so clearly that a large number of you who have gathered here to-night have lain saide for the time boing your personal good will, that I feel it would be a breach of good teste for me to seek to make party capital on this occasion."

Colonel Asson S. Wood, Deputy Secretary of State, rather than conferred privileges to be enjoyed. this occasion."

Colonel Anson S. Wood, Deputy Secretary of State, and other speakers followed.

BUTLER AS THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

PROFESSIONAL CHARGES AGAINST A POOR WIDOW -A SLIGHT BLUNDER IN THE DATE.

Boston, Sept. 23 .- The Clinton Times publishes the following: "Some years ago Benjan in Franklin Butler, attorney-at-law, was employed by a poor widow to conduct a suit against the Lancaster Mills corporation, for damages claimed because her husband had died from injuries received on Green-at., a way belonging to the corporation. Green-st. is not a town way, but at the time of the accident there was no sign to that effect posted as the law requires. After some time the corporation settled with the widow by paying her \$1,000. B. F. Butler sent her a bill for professional services

B. F. Butler sent her a bill for professional servicea amounting to just \$1,000, and calmly pocketed the whole sum pand. And yet he is called the poor man's friend, etc. Clinton voters, who propose to vote for Butler again, have at their home, and where every one of them can easily verify the fact, a most touching and beautiful illustration of his devotion to the poor man—and his money."

The Journal says that the following is a portion of what purports to be a letter from a Confederate officer, design d to show the kindness of General Butler: "At last, in the early spring of 1864, it became evident that she could not live long. Our good cld Friend, Dr. Mercer, again went to General Butler to know if there were no possibility of my seeing the tender and loving will from whom I had been so suddenly and long separated. He immediately turned to his desk, and, with his characteristic promptaces, wrote an unconditional pass which teristic promptaces, wrote an unconditional pass wait authorized me to enter his ines and to come to Nev Orleaus, where I could remain unmolested as long of circumstances required my presence there."

The Journal adds:

"While we would not interfere with the Governor's efforts to make the South believe that he is the man the Democrats of that section should gratefully nominate and vote for, we must, in the interest of historical accuracy, maist that in the early spring of 1864 Governor Sotler was not in command at New-Oricans, but was getting ready the James River expedition, which if properly managed would have resulted in the capture of Richmond in April, 1864, but which, as General Grant says in his report, was 'bottled up and hermetically scaled' at Bermuda Hundred by the blundering of General Battler." The Journal adds 1

AN EARNEST CONTEST IN NEW JERSEY.

[BY TRLEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 23 .- The announcement that ex-Senator Frederick A. Potts, ex-Senator

Phelps, and Israel S. Adams will be appointed the four members-at-large of the Republican State Executive Committee is taken as an indication that the Republican leaders are determined to make a strong and aggressive fight for the election of their candidate for Governor. This overturns the theory upon which the Democrats have been felfeltating themselves, that the nominal of Judge Dixon meant merely a Republican purpose to carry the Legislature and the local offices throughout the State by the aid of a good gubernatorial candidate.

Messra. Potts, Hobart and Phelps are admittedly among the ablest political workers and organizers in the Republican ranks in New-Jersey. Mr. Adams is a new man but has great influence in the South Jersey seashore ouaties. It is known also that United States Senator William J. Sewell will enter heartily and personally into the campaign in spite of the stories in circulation that he is covertly favoring the election of Abbett. that he is covertly favoring the election of Abbett. With these men leading and directing the Republican campaign, there is every prospect of a contest rivailing that of 1880, when Mr. Potts was himself the candidate and Mr. Hobart the chairman of the State Committee. The Democratic majority in that year was only 651, and it is now almost universally admitted that even this was created by fraudulent counting in Middlesex County and the Horseshoe district of Hudson County.

An important question as yet unsettled is as to whether Judge Dixon should resign his seat on the bench when he accepts the nomination and take the stump aganist Abbett, or retain the Judgeship and remain alouf from the contest. Strong reasons are urged in favor of each course. Judge Dixon's decision will probably not be known until he issues his letter of acceptance.

JUDGE HOADLY'S HEALTH RESTORED.

STATEMENTS BY HIS PHYSICIAN IN PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23 .- Judge Hoadly,

the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio, who has been in this city for some time under treatment of an attack of malaria, last night took a stroll down Chestnut-st. from his rooms in the Lafayette to the Continental Hotel, a distance of about half a mile, and today visited the Park, where he remained for some time. Dr. Bartholow, his attending in the Oato papers purporting to come from this city, that he is critically ill with typhoid fever, are entirely false. He is now much better than he has been since the campaign opened, and is engaged in the preparation of a speech which he will deliver upon his return to Ohio in a very short time. The Judge is neither confined to his bed nor to his room,

PROHIBITION IN OHIO.

EFFORTS TO SECURE THE ADOPTION OF THE SEC-OND AMENDMENT.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 23 .- The Prohibitionists have been spending large sums of money in Northern Ohlo, and the Women's Temperance Union has been laboring incessantly for the success of the Second Amendment. General Edward Meyer, one of the leaders in the movement, said to day; "The Second Amendment will receive a large majority of votes from both parties outside of Cincinnati and Cleveland.

"On the day after election, if the Second Amendment

is carried, all property used for the manufacture of beer or fermented liquors will cease to be of any legal value. A court of justice will not enforce the collection of a bill from the wholesal enforce the collection of a bill from the wastestern liquor dealer against the retail liquor seller, and the latter cannot collect money due for drink. The man was rents ins building to be used as a groggery cannot collect rents therefor. The consequence will be that capital will not risk money in a business that can give no logal security, and what will be the result! It will outlink the liquor traffic."

MR. SPRINGER'S POLITICAL PROPHESIES.

IOWA AND ORIO CONCEDED TO THE REPUBLICANS -THE SPEAKERSHIP AND THE PRESIDENCY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] CHICAGO, Sept. 23.-Congressman William M. Springer was in the city a few hours to-day, on his way to Is wa to stump the State for the Democrats." The Democrats," he said, "while get the Judgeship in Iowa, but the Republicans, I am afraid, will carry everything else except, perhaps, the Legislature. That will, in my judgment, be anti-Republican. The majority against Kinne, if he is beaten, will not exceed 6,000."

"What about Ohio?" "I fear for that, as I do tor Iowa. The Republicans seem destined to win in that contest too. Onlo looks very doubtful for us."

" Is Randall to get the Speakership ?" but, as each has declared his belief in his own election, to be in fashion I should say that I will be the choice of

Mr. Springer has been regarded as a Tilden man, but Mr. Springer has been regarded as a Tilden man, but he says he believes the Bage of Gramercy does not want the nomination, and the Republicans would have a strong point in the ill-health bugaboo if he were nom-nated. "McDonaid is our man, I think, now," he said. "Arthur will be the nominee of the Republicans, cer-tain; and we will beat him. I'm giad the tariff is the issue; it will give both sides a square foundation to work on."

RIGHTS OF HONG KONG CHINAMEN.

IMPORTANT DECISION TO BE RENDERED BY JUDGE FIELD TO-DAY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23 .- An important fact bearing on the question of Hong Kong Chinamen who, claiming to be British subjects, claim also as such the right to land in the United States, has been brought out. A case of this nature comes up here for final decision before Justice Field, of the United States Supreme Court, to-morrow. In the meantime it occurred to Judge Field to have that portion of the statute of Great Britain governing the naturalization of allenexamined, to see what rights under the act were conferred by the Imperial Government on individuals of an alten race. The Post of last evening, in a long article, publishes the result of researches made at the office of the British Cousal. One clause in the act referred to, specially enacted for the guidance of the colonial Legis latures, provides as follows :

When any measure for such purpose is proposed, the Governor should uscertain whether his instructions do not require the insertion of a suspending clause, and he should take care that words are inserted in the terms of the statute confluing privileges to granted to the limits of the colony. Guided largely by this, Judge Field will decide that

Chinamen, when naturalized British subjects, are only such within the limits of the colony wherein their naturalization took place, and that a Chinaman born in Hong Kong must establish that fact under a passport issued under the authority of the British Governor betore nay rights claimed by such can be properly considered in courts of the United States.

INCREASED BRILLANCY OF THE COMET.

PHELPS, N. Y., Sept. 23 .- Professor Brooks's observations at the Red House Observatory last night shown remarkable increase in the brilliancy of the comet of 1812, whose return it was Mr. Brooks's good fortune to be the first to announce. The comet is now visible in good telescopes of moderate aperture near Eta Draconis. It is rapidly approaching the earth and sun and will be visible to the naked eye before Caristmas.

THE LOUISIANA LOTTERY CASE.

THE ORDER OF A STATE COURT TO THE NEW-ORLEANS POSTMASTER.

Washington, Sept. 23 .- The postmaster at New-Orleans has informed the Post Office authorities here that he has been ordered by a State court to deliver mail matter addressed to the New-Orleans National Bank intended for the Louisiana Lottery Company, and has asked for instructions as to what he shall do. He has been directed to obey the order until it is reversed or modified, and to consult with the United States District. Attorney at New-Orleans. The latter official has been directed to take the necessary steps for the re-moval of the case from the State court to the Federal court, and to move at once for a dissolution of the in-

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH

A MANIAC'S ATTEMPT TO KILL HIS WIFE.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 23.—William T. Ferre.

a mechanic in this city, who is insans, out his wife's throat
with a rator yesterday. She will recover.

SERIOUS QUARREL BETWEEN FARMERS.

BOSTON, Sept. 23.—Ira B. Forg and A. J. Walker,
farmers, of Canan, N. H., have for some time been on unfriendly terms. On Saturday evening Forg was assaulted, and
it is feared ratally injured, by waiter. Forg has remained
is an unconscious condition, and Walker is under arrest.

FOREIGN NEWS.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

RUSSIAN MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

LONDON, Sept 24.—A dispatch to The Daily News from Vienna states that Russia is making exten-sive military preparations along the Austrian and German frontiers. Tenders have been asked for 36,000 military beds, All the railways have been ordered to have military cars in readiness. A list has been made of the private steamers in the Black Sea, and their captains have been ordered to prepare for the transportation of ammunition, troops and provisions. These vessels have ceased executing private orders and the carrying of corn is thus interrupted. Enormous provision depot thave been established along the frontier, and two army corps have been distributed between the Viztula and Bug rivers. A list has been made of all persons who, in the event of war, will be deported from Poland to the interior of Russia.

FRANCO-CHINESE TROUBLES.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—The Temps says Prime Minister Ferry has requested the Chinese Government to give a written reply to the French memorandum providing for an amicable settlemens of the Franco-Chinese trouble.

A majority of the evening papers demand as a reply to the growing pretensions of China, which claims the whole of the province of Tonquin, that the Government send reinforcements after reinforcements to Tonquin, and say a result of the crafty, caviling diplomacy of Chma will be to compel the French Government to annex Anam and Tonquin, over which they simply wanted as first to establish a protectorate.

ROYAL GUESTS ENTERTAINED.

HOMBURG-VOR-DER-HOHE, Sept. 23 .- The and the Dukes of Edinburgh and Connaught witnessed the races which took place here to-day. The weather Kurbans, and afterward the Empress Augusta gave a tea party, at which Trebelli-Bettini rendered several

THE PRINCESS LOUISE UNPOPULAR. CANADIANS DISSATISFIED AT THE WAY SHE HAS TREATED THEM.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 23. - A correspondent writing from Toronto to The Leader says: "The Marquis of Lorne is becoming more unpopular than ever. The Princess Louise has been a political mill-stone around his neck. Five years ago he received at the hands of the Canadian people a generous welcoms with flags, arches, brilliant fluminations, pulltary show, the firing of cannon and every other outward display. Toronto citizens endeavored to show their pleasure at the future residence among them of a daughter of the Queen of England, and to-day none, only a few tories, would, save from curiosity, cross the street to greet her. The feeling of resentment and dissatisfaction is universal. She has uniformly snubbed all advances from Canadian society, has in-vented excuses for first leaving her colonial home and then for staying away as long as possible. The Catholic cities of Montreal

AFFAIRS IN THE WEST INDIES. HAVANA, Sept. 23. - The English mail

brings the following advices: Sr. Thomas, Sept. 17.—On September 13, the Governor of St. Thomas dissolved the Colonial Council, his action being occasioned by a serious controversy which

had arisen between members of the Council. PORT-AU-PRINCE, Sept. 10.—The Government has augmented duties 3312 per cent, in addition to the 50 per cent increase made some time ago. The money thus raised will be employed in repaying loans from mer-

Advices from the South report that a terrible battle Advices from the South report that a terrible battle was fought has tweek before Miragoane, the Government troops sustaining a serious deteat. Jeremie is surrounded by a force of 3,040 men. The besieged troops number 1,500. They now have a fair amount of previsions and anticipate a success.

Santo Domingo. Sept. 10.—The largest commercial establishment in Santingo and four other houses have been destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$80,000.

JACMEL AND JEREMIE IN THE HANDS OF

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23 .- Captain Miller, the fruiting steamship D. J. Foley, which arrived at this port yesterday from Kingston by way of Port Antonio, Jamaica, reports the ports of Jaemel and Jeremie completely in the hands of the insurgents. A large cargo of provisions sent from this port on the Foley was purby the agents chased in Kingston rebets and shipped to Jaemel in sailing vessels.

An iron steamer of English build, called the Eider, was purchased from an English line running among the purchased from an English line running among the islands, and guards Jacmel against all vessels attempting to land or assist the Government forces. President Salmon is reported to be auxious to leave Hayti, but is prevented by his followers, who claim that he has over \$500,000 in gold on deposite in London and Paris which belongs to the Government. His ramily are in Europe and the money is deposited in their name. It is also reported that the steamship Elder will intercept the new steamer Dessalines when put under the Haytian colors. The Elder is reported to be a small vessel, but fast, and adapted for shoal-water service.

A COMPLIMENT TO KING ALFONSO. BERLIN, Sept. 23 .- The Emperor William has appointed King Alfonso, of Spain, to the command of a Schleswig-Holstein Uhlan regiment garrisoned at Strasburg.

THE NEW LORD CHANCELLOR OF IRELAND. Dublin, Sept. 23.-Sir Edward Sullivan has taken the oath of office as Lord Chancellor of Ireland, succeeding the Right Honorable Hugh Law, who died recently.

A CONFERENCE OF THE POWERS AT ROME. ROME, Sept. 23 .- All the Powers have accepted the proposal of Italy to summon a conference as Rome to arrange an international sanitary code.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS IN ITALY. NAPLES, Sept. 23 .- Two severe shocks of earthquake were felt at Casamicciola to-day. One house was wrecked, but no lives were lost.

VIOLENT BOILER EXPLOSIONS.

CALAIS, Me., Sept. 23 .- A large tubular boller in Snaw Brothers' tannery at Grand Lake Stream exploded this moreing, tearing out the side of the building and throwing the fire-box of the boller a distance of

600 feet. The boiler is a complete wreck. Four were in the building, but all escaped uninjured, accident will cause a suspension of operations at tancery for some time. SHREVEFORT, La., Sept. 23.—The bodies of the five men. all white, killed by the explosion of the botter of an engine used in the construction of a railroad bridge over the Red River, last hight, were all recovered from the river to-day. Some of them are terribly manufed. Four of the wounded men are doing well; one will probably

ARRANGEMENTS FOR A BILLIARD MATCH.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23 .- In a recent interview Jacob Schaefer, champton at balk-line bilitards, said that if George F. Siosaon would put up a foriels of \$1,000 and make a game for \$5,000, he. Schaefer) would forfeit his game with Vignaux in Paris and play Slosson for the championship emblem. In response to this David Biers to-day deposited \$1,000 and an sponse to the payld Biers to day deposited \$1.000 and an acceptance on behalf of Slossou in the hands of "Yauk" Adams. Schaefer then agreed to cable Viguaux, and, if he could have the game postponed, would play Slosson. A forfest of \$1.000 on Slosson's behalf will remain up three days pending Vignaux's answer.

BEATEN AND ROBBED.

ASHLAND, Penn., Sept. 23.-Jabez Payne, district land agent of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, was attacked and beaten by a gang of unknown masked men near here last evening and robbed of \$300. The desperadoes made their co-

TWO MEN KILLED IN A MINE.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 23 .- A dispatch to The Republican from Leadville says two miners named Pat-rick Sullivan and John McNeal were killed yesterday morning by a cave-in in one of the Iron Hill Con